# Carbon Monoxide 2/a

Order No. 67 33 051

#### Application Range

Standard Measuring Range: 2 to 60 ppm Number of Strokes n: 10 Time for Measurement: approx. 4 min Standard Deviation: ± 10 to 15 % Color Change: white → brownish pink/green

#### **Ambient Operating Conditions**

Temperature:	0 to 50 °C
Absolute Humidity:	2 to 20 mg $\rm H_2O$ / $\rm L$

### Reaction Principle

 $5 \text{ CO} + I_2O_5 \rightarrow I_2 + 5 \text{ CO}_2$ 

#### Cross Sensitivity

Acetylene is also indicated, however, with less sensitivity. Petroleum hydrocarbons, benzene, halogenated hydrocarbons and hydrogen sulfide are retained in the pre-layer. In the case of higher concentrations of interfering hydrocarbons, use should be made of a carbon pre-tube (CH 24 101). Higher concentrations of easily cleavable halogenated hydrocarbons (e.g. trichloroethylene), are liable to form chromyl chloride in the pre-layer which changes the indicating layer to a yellowish-brown. CO determination is not possible in the case of high olefin concentrations.

## Extension of the Measuring Range

Using n = 2, multiply the reading by 5; the measuring range will be 10 to 300 ppm.



